

Molti verbi hanno una forma irregolare al PAST SIMPLE. Ciò significa che non aggiungono –ed alla forma base del verbo per formare il PAST SIMPLE, ma hanno una forma propria che va imparata a memoria.

I go to Spain on holiday every year. I went to Spain last year.



**RUN (CORRERE)** 

DRINK (BERE)

SING (CANTARE)

SIT (SEDERSI)

**BEGIN (INCOMINCIARE)** 

#### **PAST TENSE**

RAN DRANK SANG SAT

BEGAN



**BUY (COMPRARE)** 

CATCH (PRENDERE, AFFERRARE)

TEACH (INSEGNARE)

**PAST TENSE** 

BOUGHT

CAUGHT

TAUGHT



BREAK (ROMPERE)

CHOOSE (SCEGLIERE)

SPEAK (PARLARE)



BROKE

CHOSE

SPOKE



CUT (TAGLIARE)

HIT (COLPIRE)

PUT (METTERE)

**PAST TENSE** 

CUT

HIT

PUT



TELL (DIRE)

SELL (VENDERE)



TOLD SOLD



COME (VENIRE)

**BECOME (DIVENTARE)** 

GIVE (DARE)

FORGIVE (PERDONARE)



CAME

BECAME

GAVE

FORGAVE



**BLOW (SOFFIARE)** 

KNOW (SAPERE, CONOSCERE)

GROW (CRESCERE)



BLEW KNEW

GREW

## INFINITIVE

EAT (MANGIARE)

GO (ANDARE)

COME (VENIRE)

SEE (VEDERE)

DO (FARE)

MAKE(FARE, PRODURRE)

**PAST TENSE** ATE WENT CAME SAW DID MADE

## INFINITIVE

#### WEAR (INDOSSARE)

MEET (INCONTRARE)

SAY (DIRE)

PAST TENSE WORE MET

SAID

#### 19<sup>th</sup> February

# Dad -----<u>Won</u> (win) £100 with a lottery ticket

# yesterday and he ---<u>gave</u> (give) me £20!

# This morning i ----<u>Went</u>---- (go) shopping with Mum. I \_<u>bought</u>- (buy) a new skirt with my £20. It's perfect for

Sara's party.

20<sup>th</sup> February

21<sup>st</sup> February

## Tina ------ (come) to visit me yesterday afternoon. We

## \_\_\_\_did\_\_\_\_\_ (do) our Geography homework and then we \_\_<u>Made\_</u>

#### (make) a cake for Sara. It's her birthday today!

Sara's party was brilliant! I ----saw (see) a lot of friends from my old school and I --- <u>met</u> (meet) Sara's brother, Mark. He's really nice.... Oh, and I ------ (wear) my new skirt! All my friends ------ (think) it was cool.